

Subject name: Contemporary Security Studies with Security Systems Theory		
Professors: Dr. Zoran Đ. Keković, full professor		
Subject status: Compulsory		
Number of credit points: 4.00		
Subject aim: This subject aim is to enable students to all encompassing knowledge on theoretical-methodological political normative postulates where security systems are based with, to understand growing theoretical and scientific debate on security occurrences. Specific goals are seen in understanding and explaining various theoretical approaches in researching fragmentary areas of security and their implications at security politics and practice.		
Subject outcome: Gaining knowledge and abilities for research and analysis of various theoretical-methodological perspectives of research of security, students will be able to estimate advantages and boundaries of every specific approach concerned to security formation and processes of materialized in functions and institutions of security system. Gained knowledge will present bases and development of competence and prognostics analysis for scientific -professional and operative in experience level it is important for creating security practice by politics and security strategy.		
Subject content: main topics: referential areas of security as a legitimate research filed in security studies (particular security, national security, international security, regional security, global security, societal security, economic security, economy security, ecological security,): positivistic approach to security (realism/neorealism, neoliberalism, peace studies, studies for political security); post-positivistic approach to security (post-modernism, critical theory, constructivism, normative theory); security systems as „structures in movement“, systematic variables in forming philosophical , political and security discourse of contemporary international relations and relations among within states; applying theory of organization and system to analyze of national system of security as organizational systems; referential theoretical-methodological scopes for comparative analysis of security systems; principles to systematic thoughts in forming strategic beliefs and individuals who are decisionmakers.		
Prescribed literature:		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Rosenau J., Turbulence in World Politics: A Theory of Change and Continuity, Princeton University Press, 1990. 2. Buzan B., Societal security, the State and Internationalization, London:Pinter, 1993. 3. Кисинџер, Х.; Дипломатија I и II, Верзалпрес, Београд, 1999. 4. Милашиновић, Р., Милашиновић, С., Путник, Н., Теорије конфликта, Факултет безбедности, Београд, 2012. 5. Кековић, З., Теорија систем безбедности, Факултет за безбједност и заштиту, Бања Лука, 2009. 6. Кековић, З., Системи безбедности, Факултет безбедности, Београд, 2011. 7. Nye, J., Understanding International Conflicts, Longman, 2000. 8. Terriff T., Croft S., James L., Morgan P., Security Studies Today, Cambridge, 2001. 9. Хантингтон С, Сукоб цивилизација, ЦИД Подгорица, 2000. 10. Jackson R, Sørensen G, International Relations, Theories & approaches, Oxford University Press, 2003 11. Вукадиновић Р, Теорије међународних односа, Политичка култура, Загреб, 2005 Kegley W. C, Wittkoph E, Worlds Politics, Trends and Transformation, Thomson Wadsworth, Belmont, USA, 2006 		
Number of active lecture classes: 3/45	lectures: 45	Studies and research work:

Methods for giving lectures:

Lectures will be held as lectures classes, panel discussions, discussions, consultations, essays and a seminar paper

Knowledge assessment (maximum number of points 100)

Knowledge will be assessed with permanent following the students work and assessment of their contribution to discussions through essay assessment and seminar papers through marking the oral examination

Pre examination obligations:	points	final examination	points
Activity during lectures	10	written examination	
Practical lectures	20	oral examination	45
Mid-term tests			
Seminars	25		
Total:	55		45